# [insert local community] Blueprint for Safety

### A United Response to Battering & Domestic Violence Crimes

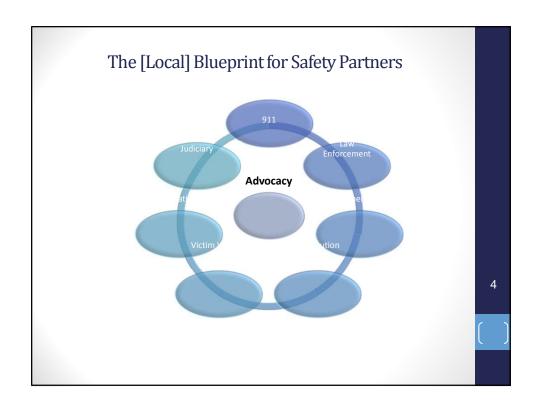
[SUPPORTED BY ... INSERT FUNDER(S)]

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"There's nothing you can do if he wants to kill her" "Nothing can keep him away." "It was a classic case of domestic violence."

## The [Local] Blueprint for Safety: A Collective Policy & Response

- Standing & working together
- Strengthening our response
  - Identify, document, communicate, and act on risk and danger
  - Engage with victims
  - Enhance each agency's policy and practice
  - Reinforce accountability within and across agencies
  - · Avoid doing more harm
  - Practice ongoing problem solving
- Safer homes = safer communities



### How the Blueprint came to [local community]

- 2007 2010: Blueprint for Safety created and tested in St. Paul, MN (and continues today)
- 2011 2015: OVW selected 3 communities to adapt the Blueprint & produce a how-to guide
- [INSERT date and key points of local history]

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## Practice Assessment & Policy Writing

- Who was involved?
- What happened?
- The [Local] Blueprint Policy
  - As a collective policy
  - Agency-specific

### Now: Launch & Implementation

- Who is involved?
- What will happen next?
- How will we sustain the Blueprint for Safety?

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### The Blueprint for Safety: A fresh, united focus

- Enhance and broaden our community strengths
- Better position us to minimize lost opportunities to intervene
- The next wave of change
- Grounded in the gains made locally, statewide, and nationally in the past 30 years

## Research supports the Blueprint approach

- Coordinated work across and within agencies increases protection
- Outcomes improve when the system treats a domestic violence case as part of ongoing pattern of criminal activity vs. a single event

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#### Research support, continued

- 3. Clear and consistent messages of offender accountability and victim safety can reduce violence.
- 4. Sure and swift consequences for offenders can reduce recidivism and the severity of future abuse.

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#### Scope & scale of domestic violence in [Local]

DEVELOP basic statistical picture, including:

- Calls to 911
- Proportion of police work
- Prosecution & probation data
- # crisis calls data from community-based organizations
- Etc.

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#### The faces behind the numbers



### The Blueprint principles

- 1. An interagency approach and collective goals
- 2. Attention to context and severity of abuse at each step
- 3. Domestic violence as a patterned crime requiring continuing engagement
- 4. Sure and swift consequences for continued abuse
- Messages of help to victims and accountability to offenders
- 6. Reduce unintended harm and disparity

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#### 1. Interagency Approach

- Common goals
- Orientation to the people in the case
- Position each other for the most effective intervention
- Linked tools to document & communicate information about risk & danger

### 2. Context & severity

- Not all "domestic violence" is the same
- Different
  - Types of domestic violence
  - Levels of severity and dangerousness

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#### Different Types of Domestic Violence

- Battering
  - Ongoing... pattern... targeting
- Resistive
  - Used by victim of battering
- Non-battering related
  - Mental illness... trauma... anti-social...

#### Different Levels of Severity & Danger

- What makes this case dangerous?
- Who is doing what to whom and with what impact?
- Making history and context visible: making the pattern visible

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### The Risk Questions

- 1. Do you think he/she will seriously injure or kill you, your children, or someone else close to you?
  - What makes you think so? OR What makes you think not?
- 2. How frequently does he/she intimidate, threaten, or assault you?
  - Is it changing? Getting better? Getting worse?
- 3. Describe the time you were the most frightened or injured by him/her.
- 4. Have you ever been threatened or intimated by him/her for seeking help or attempting to seek help from police, the courts or others?
  - · If yes, who, when, how?

### 3. Continuing Engagement

- Characteristics of battering: entrapment
- Establishing a partnership over time
- Key elements in engagement:
  - Treat people well
  - Give them some power
- Build cases (i.e., lessons from organized crime)

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#### 4. Sure and Swift Responses

- Set boundaries with batterers
- Contain resistive violence without strengthening batterer's position
- Recognize specific conditions

#### 5. Messages of Help and Accountability

#### *Toher, (tocountermessages of battering)*

- There is help for you... (nobody is going to believe you)
- Keep using us... (call them and see who ends up in trouble)
- This isn't your fault... (this is ALL your fault)

#### Tohim, to counterbattering

- If you push the boundaries we will tighten them not widen them
- If you stop abusing, we will help you
- If you don't stop we will make you unhappy

#### **Tothechildren**

- · It's not your fault
- You can speak
- · We are here to help, not hurt your parents

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#### 6. Avoiding Unintended Consequences

- Executing Warrants
- Forcing victims to testify
- No-contact orders
- Enhancements that give young people felonies
- Harsh punishment
- Not recognizing illness

## What changes? As a result of the Blueprint...

We are better positioned to identify:

- 1. Wide range of D.V. related crimes
- 2. Witness intimidation
- 3. Crimes against children
- 4. Witnesses and their whereabouts
- 5. Battering cases from non-battering cases

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#### As a Result...

We can make more use of previously undercharged crimes:

- Stalking\Harassment
- Terroristic threats
- Witness tampering
- Crimes involving children
- Crimes involving sexual assault
- Burglary

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- 911 & patrol increase information about who was at the scene
- Prosecutors will have more witness interviews
- Details on the context of the event & the kind of domestic violence occurring are documented & communicated
- More investigation on serious misdemeanor cases

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#### As a Result...

- More structured use of risk factors when reviewing and making charging decision
- More potential for a broader range of charges based on defendant's behavior



When the suspect is GOA (gone-on-arrival) / has fled the scene:

- Quick review of police reports contributes to improved victim contact & participation
- Focus resources on cases with merit
- Investigate a case with prosecution as the goal

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#### As a Result...

- A framework for bail conditions:
  - Reflect risk & danger
  - Include victim input whenever possible
- Swift consequences for violation of conditions of pretrial release

#### Probation will:

- Have reliable, efficient access to information regarding the probationer
- Be better able to assess risk
- Be better able to differentiate the context and severity of the particular case
- Be more likely to recommend a sentence which is consistent with the plea agreement
- Be more able to respond in a swift, sure manner to probationer's actions

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#### As a Result...

Judges will have more detail on the type, scope, and severity of violence occurring . . . i.e., the whole pattern & severity of abuse

Across the criminal legal system, decisions and judgments are based upon a more complete understanding of the risk and context of a particular case

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